



JOURNAL QUAESTIO IURIS
EDITORIAL FOR VOL. 17-3 (2024)

Maurício Jorge Pereira da Mota

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (UERJ), Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brasil

LATTES: <http://lattes.cnpq.br/8340543270360777> ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9722-1330>

E-mail: mjmota1@gmail.com



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.



Rev. Quaestio Iuris., Rio de Janeiro, Vol. 17, N.03, 2024.

Maurício Jorge Pereira da Mota

DOI: [10.12957/rqi.2024.90458](https://doi.org/10.12957/rqi.2024.90458)

The Journal *Quaestio Iuris*, indexed in the Web of Science, with a quarterly publication frequency, in this volume 17, number 01, 2024, is pleased to inform all its readers that the article by Professor Luís Roberto Barroso, “Neoconstitutionalism and the Constitutionalization of Law,” published *Journal Quaestio Iuris* 2.1 (2006): 1-48, was cited in the doctoral thesis by Rocío del Pilar Vargas Morales entitled “El Derecho a la identidad del hijo como objeto de protección de la presunción pater is est: alcances, límites y necesidad de cambio en el código civil de 1984” from Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos, Lima, Peru.

The Journal is also pleased to publish the article “The in dubio pro natura principle: a key regulatory challenge for incorporation of uncertainty in risk-based environmental decision-making” by Iván Vargas-Chaves and Alexandra Cumbe Figueroa.

This article seeks to demonstrate the transition from the precautionary principle to the principle of in dubio pro natura as a solution and approach for anticipatory decision-making concerning environmental harm, in a context of uncertainty regarding the current state of science about the potential risks that certain activities, technologies, processes, or products may present. To achieve this objective, documentary analysis with a hermeneutic and holistic approach was used as study methodologies. The results present a series of considerations from a comparative law perspective, with a special focus on the exchange of legal knowledge and the complexity involved in making decisions that favor nature, in the face of any reasonable doubt regarding potential irreversible harm of which we are unaware. Finally, it concludes that the principle of in dubio pro natura could be a solution to the loss of institutional legitimacy of the precautionary principle, particularly in complex cases.

As in previous issues, in the current volume 17, number 03, 2024, we publish 13 (thirteen) original articles, including 05 (five) foreign articles: *Digitization of the Spanish Justice System*, *Digital Justice 2030 Strategy of the Generalitat of Catalonia* and *Digital Tools in Company Law*, the previously mentioned *The in dubio pro natura principle: a key regulatory challenge for incorporation of uncertainty in risk-based environmental decision-making*, *The Moral Perversion of the Non-profit Principle*; *Persons, self-ownership and democracy*, and *Some Proof Problems Posed by Retroactive Justice*.

We also publish in our *Monographs* section a study entitled “Digital Media and Its Role in Social Control From a Critical Criminological Perspective: an Analysis of the Commitments Made in Brazil in the Fight Against Fake News During the 2022 Elections” and “The Coloniality of New Technologies: a Proposal for a Decolonial Turn in the Age of Artificial Intelligence”.

In this issue of the Journal, we maintain our body of reviewers, from numerous states in the country and foreign professors, totaling more than 650 (six hundred and fifty) reviewers. We also



publish, for immediate consultation by readers, the links to the various national and international indexers of Journals and periodicals where our Quaestio Iuris Journal is indexed. We thank, as always, all the readers, authors, reviewers, and collaborators for their cooperation and trust and for the excellent work always carried out. We remind everyone that submissions to the Quaestio Iuris Journal are continuous and should be made through the system, directly on the Journal's page.

Good reading to all!

Mauricio Mota

Editor of the Journal Quaestio Iuris



Sobre o autor:

Maurício Jorge Pereira da Mota

Graduação em Direito pela Pontifícia Universidade Católica do Rio de Janeiro (1994), mestrado em Direito pela Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (1997) e doutorado em Direito pela Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (2002). Atualmente é Professor do Mestrado e Doutorado em Direito da Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro -UERJ, Professor Adjunto da Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro-UERJ e Procurador do Estado -Procuradoria Geral do Estado do Rio de Janeiro. Membro do Instituto dos Advogados Brasileiros -IAB. Editor Chefe da Revista Quaestio Iuris e da Revista de Direito da Cidade. Coordenador do Curso de Especialização em Advocacia Pública da Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro-UERJ. Membro do Fórum Permanente de Direito da Cidade da Escola de Magistratura do Estado do Rio de Janeiro -EMERJ. Consultor da Coordenação de Aperfeiçoamento de Pessoal de Nível Superior (CAPES). Tem experiência na área de Direito, com ênfase em Direito Privado e Direito Ambiental, atuando principalmente nos seguintes temas: boa-fé, contratos, proteção ao devedor, políticas públicas, direito ambiental e controle da administração pública.

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (UERJ), Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brasil

LATTES: <http://lattes.cnpq.br/8340543270360777> ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9722-1330>

E-mail: mjmota1@gmail.com



Rev. Quaestio Iuris., Rio de Janeiro, Vol. 17, N.03, 2024.

Maurício Jorge Pereira da Mota

DOI: 10.12957/rqi.2024.90458