

## **JOURNAL QUAESTIO IURIS**

### **EDITORIAL FOR VOL. 14-3 (2021)**

The Journal Quaestio Iuris, indexed in Web of Science, of quarterly periodicity, in this volume 14, number 03, 2021, is pleased to inform that the article "Legal Anthropology" by Benjamín Rivaya, Professor of Philosophy of Law at the University of Oviedo. Dean of the Faculty of Law at the University of Oviedo between 2012 and 2016, has been included in the Institutional Repository of the University of Oviedo, Spain, at <https://digibuo.uniovi.es/dspace/handle/10651/56762>

The Journal is also pleased to publish the article "The control of workers in Portugal, in the light of the Portuguese Labor Code and the General Data Protection Regulation", by Susana Sousa Machado, Assistant Professor at the Department of Legal and Social Sciences, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal, PhD in Law from the University of Santiago de Compostela, Spain; of Patrícia Anjos Azevedo, Invited Assistant Professor at the Department of Legal and Social Sciences, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal, Degree, Master and Doctorate in Law, Faculty of Law, University of Porto, Portugal and of Daniela Rodrigues, Degree and Master in Law, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal.

The article "The control of workers in Portugal, in the light of the Portuguese Labor Code and the General Data Protection Regulation" deals with the means of remote surveillance and its relationship with the processing of workers' personal data, with special emphasis on geolocation and the legitimacy of the investigation of the worker's activity. So, there are a lot of forms of control, such as radiofrequency technology; biometric data; alcohol or psychoactive substances control; medical control regarding complementary exams and control of the use of electronic means, among others.

The aim is precisely to present all these situations, as well as the limits to the employer's power of control. Also worthy of note is the matter of the further processing of personal data by the employer obtained through the control systems at his disposal.

As in previous issues, in the current volume 14, number 03, 2021, we publish 15 (fifteen) unpublished articles, being 04 (four) foreign articles: the already mentioned "The control of

workers in Portugal, in the light of the Portuguese Labor Code and the General Data Protection Regulation", by Susana Sousa Machado, Assistant Professor in the Department of Legal and Social Sciences, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal, PhD in Law from the University of Santiago de Compostela, Spain; of Patrícia Anjos Azevedo, Invited Assistant Professor at the Department of Legal and Social Sciences, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal, Degree, Master and Doctorate in Law, Faculty of Law, University of Porto, Portugal and of Daniela Rodrigues, Degree and Master in Law, Center for Innovation and Research in Business Sciences and Information Systems, Superior School of Technology and Management / Polytechnic of Porto, Portugal; "Brief reflections on the emergency measures implemented by some states and the validity of Human Rights (HR) regarding COVID-19", by Maria Fatima Pinho de Oliveira, Specialist and Master in Criminal Law. Associate Professor of the Department of Economic and Administrative Sciences of the Simón Bolívar University. PhD candidate at the Latin American University of the Caribbean (ULAC); "From planning to institutions: critical notes on educational interventions in contexts of confinement", by Federico Eduardo Urtubey, Master and PhD in Social Sciences (Faculty of Humanities and Education Sciences, UNLP). Regular lecturer of Law 1 and Law 2 (FaHCE, UNLP). Researcher at the Research Institute of Humanities and Social Sciences of the School of Humanities and Education Sciences - National University of La Plata (FaHCE-UNLP); "The subjective well-being of Chilean children and adolescents. Legal implications of the exercise of the rights of children and adolescents: right to be heard and personal care", by Yasna Elizabeth Otarola Espinoza, Doctor in Law, Pontifical Catholic University of Chile.

We have also published in our Monographs Section a study entitled "Proxenetismo en Uruguay. Evolución socio- jurídica de la figura delictiva", by Pablo Guerra, Full Professor, Law School, University of the Republic. Researcher of the National Research System of Uruguay.

The monograph analyzes the socio-legal evolution of procuring in Uruguay's legislative treatment. The first point of departure is to understand procuring as a particular institution of the prostitution system that, throughout history, has had diverse treatments. It is argued in the monograph that it is with the values of modernity that a paradigm shift occurs in which the accent shifts from the woman who prostitutes herself to the man who prostitutes her. The second point of departure is to understand the close connections between procuring, prostitution, and

human trafficking (or trafficking in women, as it was called in the genesis of modernity sensibility), which also translates into a new analytical complexity of the phenomenon.

Based on the techniques of analysis of parliamentary documents of the time, the arguments that led to legislation on the matter since 1889 are discovered, and a typology is established in relation to the type of predominant sensibility, remembering that the content of Law 8,080 responds to a typical modernist sensibility with influences from the abolitionist movement.

In our Essays Section we published 04 (four) essays, 02 (two) of which were about racial public policies: “Critical race and legal theory: aspects of the black people condition in the united states of america” e “Quota’s law and the black admission to Higher Education: the case of the UNIR Law Course”.

In this issue of the Journal we have maintained our body of evaluators, from several states of the country and foreign professors, in a total of more than 650 (six hundred and fifty) evaluators. We also publish, for immediate consultation by the readers, the links of the several national and international indexers of journals and periodicals where our Journal Quaestio Iuris is indexed. We thank, as always, all readers, authors, reviewers and collaborators for their collaboration and trust and for the always excellent work done. We always remind you that submissions to Journal Quaestio Iuris are permanent and must be done through the system, directly in the Journal's page.

Good reading to all!

**Mauricio Mota**  
**Editor of Journal Quaestio Iuris**