

JOURNAL QUAESTIO IURIS

Editorial for vol. 10-1 (2017)

Quaestio Iuris, indexed in the **Web of Science**, now quarterly, in volume 10, issue 01, 2017, is pleased to inform all its readers that our Journal **has been classified by Qualis Periodics 2015 as Qualis A2, Philosophy**, In addition to Qualis B3, Social Service, Qualis B4 in Collective Health and Qualis B5, Political Science and International Relations.

The Journal also has the joy of publishing the *article "Transitional justice: The renunciation of what can not be renounced?"* By the professor Nuria Beloso Martín, Professor of Philosophy of Law of the University of Burgos, Spain and Coordinator of the Doctoral Program of the Department of Public Law "Plural society and new challenges of Law". The professor is also Director of the Course of University Specialist in Family Mediation and collaborates in master's and doctorate courses of several Brazilian Universities. In the article *"Transitional justice: The renunciation of what cannot be renounced?"* In this article is analyzed the issue of transitional justice, as well as the renunciation of the inalienable, how acts the justice and the right to full reparation by victims of systematic violations of human rights. The study explains the concept, phases and principles of transitional justice. These presuppositions allows us to make a re-reading of the various transitional justice processes, especially those related to the peace process in Brazil and the analysis of the peace agreement in Colombia, which was rejected by the Colombian citizens in a referendum. The article, in short, seeks to respond to the search for the balance between the right to truth (history - memory, with the consequent right to know about people murdered or disappeared) and forgiveness and conciliation. The right to justice, for the article, is the cornerstone of these processes. There can be no peace if justice is sacrificed.

In the same way as in the previous numbers, in the present volume 10, number 01, 2017, we publish 18 (eighteen) unpublished articles, which 04 are foreign articles: *"Theoretical considerations about the political generations"* of Prof^a. Maria Fatima Pinho de Oliveira, Professor of Foreign Trade and Customs Administration at the Simón Bolívar University, Venezuela; *"Brief notes on basic essentials of european law and roman law"*, by Prof. Luis Mariano Robles Velasco, PhD in Law, Professor of Roman Law at the University of Granada, Spain; *"The concept of political representation in Old Spain, 1808-1813. Analysis from the natural right of J. Gottlieb Heineccio"*, of Prof. Esteban Gómez Gaitán, Post-doctorate in History at the University of Guanajuato, Mexico; *"Transitional justice: The renunciation of what cannot be renounced?"* of professor Nuria Beloso Martin, Professor of Philosophy of Law at the Faculty of Law of the University of Burgos, Spain.

We also published in our Section Monographs an encouraging study called Dignity and autonomy: the dogmatic bridge for the living will, by Rogério Donnini, Doctor and Master in Civil Law by PUC-SP and member

of the São Paulo Law Academy and Raphael Abs Musa de Lemos, Master's degree in Law at PUC-SP. The purpose of this paper is to examine the living will as an autonomous negotiating category based on the principles of the dignity of the human person and private autonomy. The work understands that the living will has an off-balance-sheet, unilateral and very personal legal nature, with the object focused on the discipline of medical interventions in the future, thus anticipating the patient's desire or refusal to remain artificially alive, or to receive Treatment. The form must be free, unless otherwise provided by law, and the agent must enjoy the capacity for consent, implying specific discernment for the act. In the end, it is concluded that euthanasia must be admitted in hypotheses strictly defined by law, without signifying that its current prohibition is an obstacle to the current recognition of dignified death in Brazil.

In our Essays Section we publish 08 (eight) essays, of which 03 (three) are essays highlighting hot topics of public law: Regulated market of organs: a possibility against trafficking ?; What is public opinion? Study of Brazilian constitutional history and Supreme Federal Court: activism or self-restraint in the realization of social rights?

In this number of the Journal we have also broadened our body of our reviewers / evaluators, with the inclusion of many professors from many states of the country and also of many foreign professors, now reaching a total of more than five hundred and eighty (580) evaluators.

We also publish, for consultation of readers, the links of the various national and international databases of magazines and journals where our Journal Quaestio Iuris is indexed. Thanks, as always, to all readers, authors, reviewers and staff for their cooperation and trust and always excellent work. We remember always that the submissions to the Journal Quaestio Iuris are permanent and must be performed by the system directly on the journal page.

Good reading to all!

Mauricio Mota

Editor of the Journal Quaestio Iuris