

Sexualidad, Salud y Sociedad

REVISTA LATINOAMERICANA

ISSN 1984-6487 / www.sexualidadesaludydysociedad.org

Nº 23 (ago. 2016)

From the Editors

Sérgio Carrara, Claudia Mora, Sílvia Aguião

17

Articles

- Características y factores de la violencia homicida contra las minorías sexuales en la Ciudad de México, 1995-2013 22
Renaud René Boivin
- Diversidade Sexual e política eleitoral:
analisando as candidaturas de travestis e transexuais no Brasil contemporâneo 58
Gustavo Gomes da Costa Santos
- Gênero e cuidados em saúde: concepções de profissionais que atuam no contexto ambulatorial e hospitalar 97
Florêncio Mariano da Costa-Júnior, Ana Cláudia Bortolozzi Maia & Márcia Thereza Couto
- Identidad sexual en jóvenes gay del norte de Chile 118
Jaime Eduardo Barrientos Delgado, Karen Gutierrez, Pamela Ramirez, Andrea Vega & Ivania Zaffirri
- Uma galeria para travestis, gays e seus maridos:
forças discursivas na geração de um acontecimento prisional 140
Fernando Seffner & Amilton Gustavo da Silva Passos
- Os processos de hormonização e a produção do cuidado em saúde na transexualidade masculina 162
Fátima Lima & Kathleen Tereza da Cruz

Book Reviews

- MECCIA, Ernesto. 2016. *El tiempo no para. Los últimos homosexuales cuentan la historia.* 1ª ed. Santa Fe/Buenos Aires: Ediciones UNL/Ediciones Eudeba. 496 p. 187
Esteban Grippaldi



- BIDASECA, Karina (coord.). *Genealogías críticas de la colonialidad en América Latina, África, Oriente.* Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires: CLACSO; 2016
Jimena de Garay Hernández 195
- LLOPIS, María. 2015. *Maternidades subversivas.* 1^a ed. Navarra: Editorial Txalaparta. 307 p.
María Medina-Vicent 205

From the Editors N.23

Perspectives on Violence and care: contributions and challenges

Sérgio Carrara

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro
Instituto de Medicina Social
Departamento de Políticas e Instituições de Saúde
Rio de Janeiro, Brasil

> scarrara1@gmail.com

Claudia Mora

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro
Instituto de Medicina Social
Departamento de Políticas e Instituições de Saúde
Rio de Janeiro, Brasil

> claudiamoraca@hotmail.com

Sílvia Aguião

Centro Latino Americano em Sexualidade e Direitos Humanos - CLAM
Rio de Janeiro, Brasil

> saguiao@gmail.com

While addressing topics dear to the editorial scope *Sexualidad, Salud y Sociedad*, the articles and reviews in this issue take paths of reflection relatively unexplored by Latin American scholars, with regard to some of their theoretical connections and empirical dimensions.

It is true that, among us, gender relations, and sexuality and violence, for example, have been the main concern of countless projects, and that research on homophobia and discrimination has acquired great density over the past decade across the region, as attested by victimization surveys conducted in Argentina (Fígari et.al., 2005; Jones, Libson & Hiller, 2006), Brasil (Carrara, Ramos, & Caetano, 2003; Carrara & Ramos, 2005; Carrara, Facchini, Simões, & Ramos, 2006; Carrara et al, 2007), Chile (Barrientos & Sívori, 2012), Colombia (Brigeiro & Castillo, 2007), and México (Brito et al. 2012; Cf. Parrini & Brito, 2012). Nevertheless, the dynamics of lethal violence, the extreme form of that victimization, are not as well known. That is the focus of the article by René Boivin. Based on data on murders against sexual minorities in Mexico City, the paper highlights the complexity and diversity of the conflicts in which those cases are grounded. Encompassed by comprehensive categories, such as “homophobic violence,” “hate crimes” or, simply, “homophobia,” the diversity of such dynamics, as the author rightly observes, often tends to be overlooked by academic and political discourse.

Some important dimensions of violence driven by prejudice about sexual orientation and gender identity also motivate Barrientos, Gutierrez, Ramirez, Vega, and Zaffirri in their work on Chilean gay youths’ subjective formations. Based on original research conducted in Antofagasta, the authors align with the hypothesis that a rigid adherence to normative gender performances by gays and lesbians, an important aspect of what the sociologist Gayle Mason (2002) called “safety maps,” depends on the nature and degree of hostility of the social context they inhabit. At least in part, such adherence would be at the basis of the prejudice transvestites and transsexuals suffer within the so-called “LGBT community.”

Likewise related to the broader topic of homophobic violence and discrimination are two more articles in this issue. They discuss contemporary social and institutional responses seeking to curb it. Once again, despite a robust production on behalf of LGBT activism and public policy in the region, aiming to promote LGBT citizenship, emerging strategies within the political party and electoral arena are lesser known. Costa Santos, a political scientist, addresses transvestite and transsexual candidacies to elected posts in Brazil. Seffner and Silva Passos look at institutional innovations in the creation of a gay and transvestite ward at the Porto Alegre Central Presidium. In different ways, both articles discuss how vulnerability and social suffering may become political capital; based on which social mobilization creates room for new personal and institutional itineraries.

Gender, sexuality and health make another main focus of attention of *Sexualidad, Salud y Sociedad*. In this issue, those relations are explored in a particular way by two articles. On the one hand, Costa Júnior, Maia and Couto discuss how gender organizes health professionals' practices, and their perceptions about men's and women's illness. On the other hand, Lima and Cruz develop an instigating reflection on the meaning of hormone use by transsexual men in Rio de Janeiro. What is at stake in both cases is the way health practices, and the use of certain substances, at once show and produce different subjects, gender positions, and sexualities. Both articles illustrate the challenges of care, designing contexts and hypotheses about disagreements between health services and their users. Costa Júnior and colleagues illustrate how, in health practices, gender stereotypes are reproduced, and how that may truncate the identification of certain necessities, or even carry along a medicalizing approach, focused on the female universe. Lima and Cruz discuss a structuring tension, relative to incongruences in the use of *hard, light-hard, and light technologies* in health care, as formulated by Merhy (2000). That approach highlights the gap between service protocols and the materialization of life projects related to the transsexual process.

References cited

- BARRIENTOS, J. & SÍVORI, H. 2012. Derechos, Política, Violencia y Diversidad Sexual. Segunda Encuesta. Marcha de la Diversidad Sexual. Santiago de Chile 2011. – Antofagasta: Universidad Católica del Norte; Movimiento por la Diversidad Sexual. Disponível em: <<http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/Derechos,%20politica,%20violencia%20y%20diversidad%20-%20segunda%20encuesta%20Santiago.pdf>>
- BRIGEIRO, M. & CASTILLO, E. 2007. Encuesta LGBT: sexualidad y derechos. Participantes de la marcha de la ciudadanía LGBT de Bogotá, 2007. Disponível em: <<http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/encuesta-lgbt-Bogota-2007.pdf>>
- BRITO, A. et al. 2012. Política, derechos, violencia y sexualidad. Encuesta de la Marcha del Orgullo y la Diversidad Sexual de Ciudad de México 2008. Rio de Janeiro: CEPESC. Disponível em: <http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/Encuesta_Marcha_Mexico.pdf>
- CARRARA, S. & RAMOS, S. 2005. Política, direitos, violência e homossexualidade. Pesquisa 9ª Parada do Orgulho GLBT – Rio 2004. Rio de Janeiro: CEPESC. Disponível em: <<http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/paradario2004.PDF>>
- CARRARA, S. et al. 2007. Política, direitos, violência e homossexualidade. Pesquisa 5ª Parada da Diversidade – Pernambuco 2006 . Rio de Janeiro: CEPESC. Disponível em: <http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/paradapernambuco_2006.PDF>
- CARRARA, S., FACCHINI, R., Simões, J. & Ramos, S. 2006. Política, direitos, violência e homossexualidade. Pesquisa. 9ª Parada do Orgulho GLBT – São Paulo 2005. Rio de Janeiro: CEPESC. Disponível em: <http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/paradasp_2005.PDF>
- CARRARA, S., RAMOS, S. & CAETANO, M. 2003. Política, direitos, violência e homossexualidade: 8ª Parada do orgulho GLBT – Rio – 2003. Carrara, S., Ramos, S. & Caetano, M. 2003 Rio de Janeiro: Pallas. Disponível em: <<http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/relatorioglbt.pdf>>
- FÍGARI, C. et.al. 2005. Sociabilidad, Política, Violencia y Derechos - La Marcha del Orgullo GLTTB de Buenos Aires 2004. 1a ed. Buenos Aires: Antropofagia. Disponível em: <http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/sociabilidad_violencia_y_derechos_buenos_aires.pdf>
- JONES, D., LIBSON, M., HILLER, R. 2006. Sexualidades, política y violencia: la marcha del orgullo GLTTBI Buenos Aires 2005, segunda encuesta. 1a ed. Buenos Aires: Antropofagia, 2006. Disponível em: <http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/sexualidades_politica_violencia.pdf>
- MASON, Gail. The spectacle of violence: homophobia, gender and knowledge. London: Routledge, 2002.
- MERHY, E. 2000. Um ensaio sobre o médico e suas valises tecnológicas. Contribuições para compreender as reestruturações produtivas do setor Saúde. Interface – Comunicação, Saúde, Educação. P. 109-116.

PARRINI, R. & BRITO, A. 2012. Crímenes de odio por homofobia: un concepto en construcción. México: Instituto Nacional de Desarrollo Social. Disponible em: <<http://www.clam.org.br/uploads/arquivo/Informe%20Crimenes%20de%20odio%20M%C3%A9xico.pdf>>